



REGIONAL ADULT PARENTERAL DRUG MONOGRAPH

GENERIC NAME

sotrovimab

Effective Date: December 23 2021	CLASSIFICATION Monoclonal Antibody	OTHER NAMES sotrovimab	PAGE 1 of 1
Revised Date:			
ADMINISTRATION POLICY: IV Intermittent - May be administered by a nurse IV Bolus - <i>DO NOT give</i> IM Injection - <i>DO NOT give</i> Subcutaneous - <i>DO NOT give</i>			
RECONSTITUTION/DILUTION/ADMINISTRATION: Supplied as 62.5 mg/mL (500 mg/8 mL) vial. Protect from light. Store in the fridge . Colourless or yellow to brown solution. IV Intermittent - Allow the vial to equilibrate to room temperature for at least 15 minutes, protected from light. - Gently swirl the vial before use without creating air bubbles; DO NOT SHAKE . - Dilute 500 mg (8 mL) in 100 mL NaCl 0.9%. Prior to the infusion, gently rock the bag back and forth 3-5 times. Do not invert bag. Avoid forming air bubbles. - Administer over 1 hour. - Administer using an in-line 0.2 or 0.22 micron filter.			
DOSAGE: Usual: 500 mg IV x 1 Maximum single dose: 500 mg Maximum daily dose: 500 mg			
STABILITY/COMPATIBILITY: Stability of Final Admixture: Maximum 6 hours at room temperature Maximum 24 hours refrigerated Compatibility: Compatible with NaCl 0.9%, D5W Do not mix with other drugs			
PRECAUTIONS, POTENTIAL ADVERSE REACTIONS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gastrointestinal: diarrhea • Infusion reactions (during or within 24 hours of IV infusion): fever, difficulty breathing, reduced oxygen saturation, chills, nausea, arrhythmia (e.g. atrial fibrillation, tachycardia, bradycardia), headache, bronchospasm, hypotension, hypertension, angioedema, throat irritation, rash including urticaria, pruritus, myalgia, dizziness, fatigue and diaphoresis. • Other: anaphylaxis 			
ADDITIONAL NOTES AND NURSING CONSIDERATIONS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anaphylaxis/hypersensitivity precautions: EPINEPHrine must be readily available for each infusion/dose. If available diphenhydrAMINE, corticosteroid and salbutamol nebule with face mask or salbutamol inhaler with aerochamber may be considered for use in treatment of reactions. • Healthcare provider must have the ability to respond to infusion reactions. • Required monitoring for infusion-related reactions and hypersensitivity/anaphylaxis during infusion and for 1 hour following infusion completion. • If infusion-related reaction occurs, temporarily or permanently discontinue infusion (depending on the severity of the reaction and required interventions). • Postpone vaccination for at least 90 days after receipt of monoclonal antibody products used for the treatment of COVID-19. Postpone vaccination for at least 30 days after receipt of monoclonal antibodies used for post-exposure prophylaxis. 			